

WordTemplate.SetMailMerge(System.Data.DataTable, Int32)

Description

Sets the MailMerge's data source to a DataTable. A MailMerge by default treats the page content as a repeat block, repeating the page content for each row unless NEXT fields are used. If the [WordTemplate.EnableNEXTFields](#) property is set to true, the NEXT field can also be used to indicate that the next row of data should be inserted instead of the current row at the next occurrence of the merge fields.

C#

```
public void SetMailMerge(System.Data.DataTable dt, int maxRows)
```

vb.net

```
Public Sub SetMailMerge(ByVal dt As System.Data.DataTable, ByVal maxRows As Integer)
```

Parameters

dt

An ADO.NET DataTable to use as a data source.

maxRows

Specifies the maximum number of rows to import from the data source. To import the maximum rows available, use the constant [WordTemplate.ALL_ROWS](#).

Exceptions

ArgumentNullException

[Save](#) will throw this exception if null (C#) or Nothing (VB.NET) is passed to the method.

ArgumentException

Remarks

You can call [SetMailMerge](#) once for each instance of [WordTemplate](#). If you are using the Word 2003 binary template file type (.doc/.dot), you can call SetMailMerge or SetRepeatBlock, but not both.

Additionally, only the page content is repeated for each row, not the entire page itself. If you wish to have the page itself repeat for each row, you will need to remember to place a page break at the bottom of the page. Alternatively, you can create a hidden page break at the top of the page as follows:

- Put the cursor at the top of the document
- Go to Page Layout and open the paragraph formatting dialog
- On the Line and Page Breaks tab, select "Page Break Before"

Merge Fields for using the SetMailMerge method must not specify a data source – the data source is implied, and using a data source name will cause WordTemplate to throw an error. Valid merge field formats for use with SetMailMerge include field names (**«fieldname»**) and field ordinals (**«#1»**).

Introduced in build 8.2

[SetMailMerge](#) will now work with headers and footers. A section break is required instead of a page break if each header or footer will be different.

Examples

C#

```
//--- Create connection string for Excel file data
string connString =
    "Provider=Microsoft.Jet.OLEDB.4.0;" +
    "Data Source=" + Server.MapPath("data/MailMergeData.xls") + ";" +
    "Extended Properties=Excel 8.0;";

//--- Use OleDb to get all data from Sheet1 of the MailMergeData.xls
spreadsheet
OleDbConnection conn = new OleDbConnection(connString);
conn.Open();
OleDbCommand cmd = new OleDbCommand("SELECT * FROM [Sheet1$]", conn);
OleDbDataAdapter adapter = new OleDbDataAdapter();
adapter.SelectCommand = cmd;

//--- Dump the data into a DataTable
DataTable dt = new DataTable();
adapter.Fill(dt);
WordTemplate wt = new WordTemplate();
wt.Open(Server.MapPath("template/MergeFieldTest.doc"));

//--- Set the mail merge
//--- The data source is the DataTable
//--- MaxRows is set to ALL_ROWS, which allows all rows to be imported
wt.SetMailMerge(dt, WordTemplate.ALL_ROWS);
wt.Process();
wt.Save(Page.Response, "output.doc", false);
```

```
'--- Create connection string for Excel file data
Dim connString As String = _
    "Provider=Microsoft.Jet.OLEDB.4.0;" & _
    "Data Source=" & Server.MapPath("data/MailMergeData.xls") & ";" & _
    "Extended Properties=Excel 8.0;"

'--- Use OleDb to get all data from Sheet1 of the MailMergeData.xls
spreadsheet
Dim conn As New OleDbConnection(connString)
conn.Open()
Dim cmd As New OleDbCommand("SELECT * FROM [Sheet1$]", conn)
Dim adapter As New OleDbDataAdapter()
adapter.SelectCommand = cmd

'--- Dump the data into a DataTable
Dim dt As New DataTable()
adapter.Fill(dt)
Dim wt As New WordTemplate()
wt.Open(Server.MapPath("template\MergeFieldTest.doc"))

'--- Set the mail merge
'--- The data source is the DataTable
'--- MaxRows is set to ALL_ROWS, which allows all rows to be imported
wt.SetMailMerge(dt, WordTemplate.ALL_ROWS)
wt.Process()
wt.Save(Page.Response, "output.doc", False)
```